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Всероссийский институт генетических
ресурсов растений имени Н.И. Вавилова, Санкт-Петербург

Molecular studies of plant genetic resources: theoretical and applied aspects

Irina Anisimova



- Molecular studies of collections of plant genetic resources in the Department of Genetics (VIR)
- Molecular genetic studies of the CMS-*Rf* genetic system in sunflower

Plant objects:

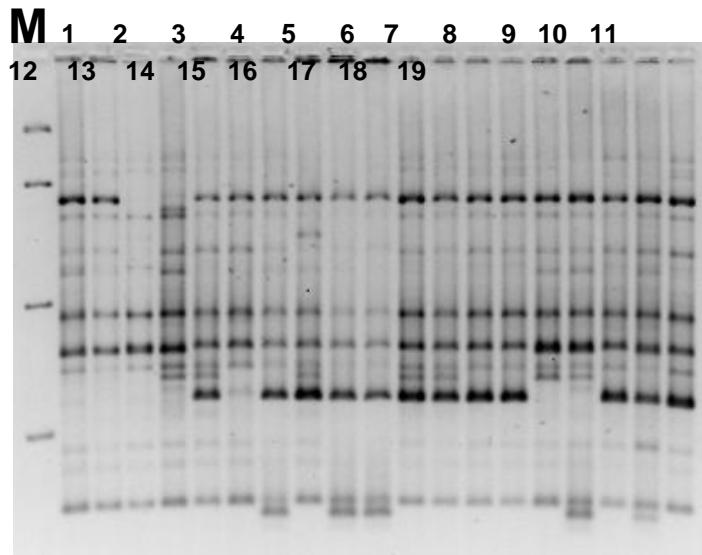
- Cereals (barley, sorghum)
- Oil seed plants (sunflower)
- Vegetable crops (lettuce)



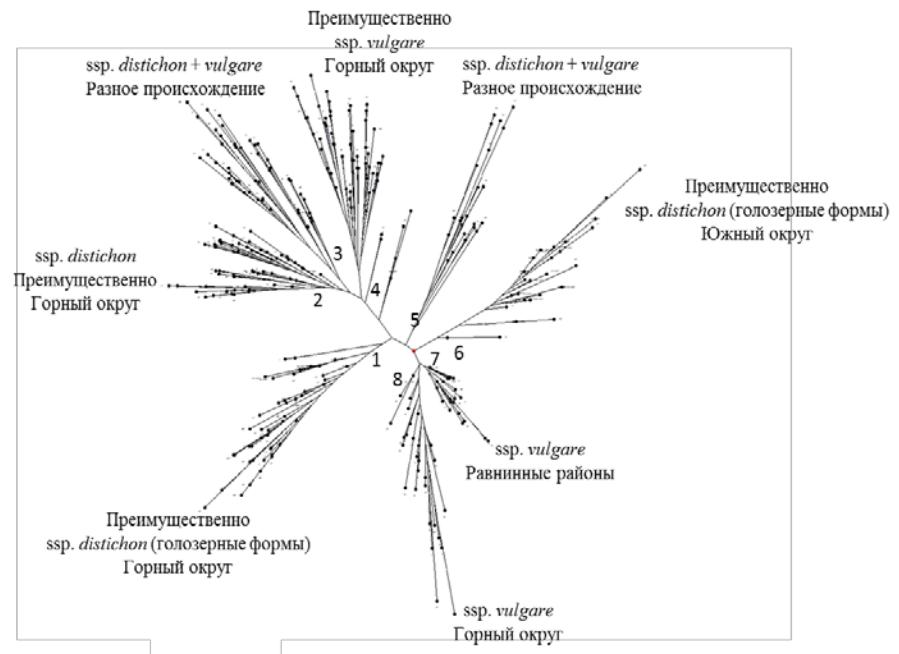


- **Genotyping**
- **Structuring of genetic diversity (seed proteins, DNA markers)**
- **Molecular screening for identification of agronomically valuable genotypes (PCR markers)**
- **Identification of mutations and search for new alleles of the genes controlling agronomically valuable characters and traits (earliness, disease resistance, pollen fertility restoration)**

Genotyping of barley landraces from Dagestan



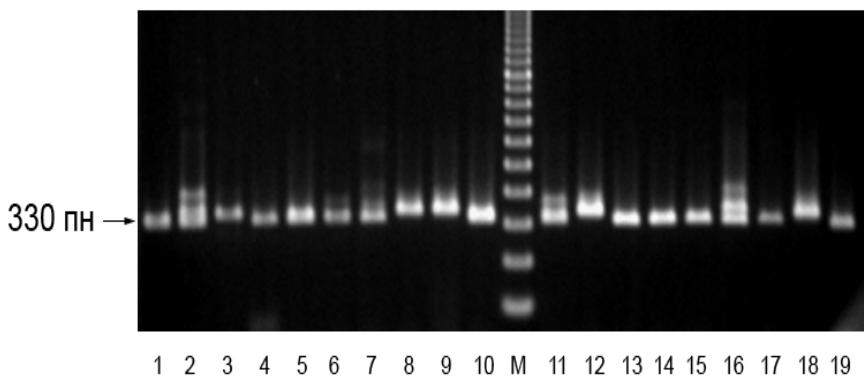
ISSR15



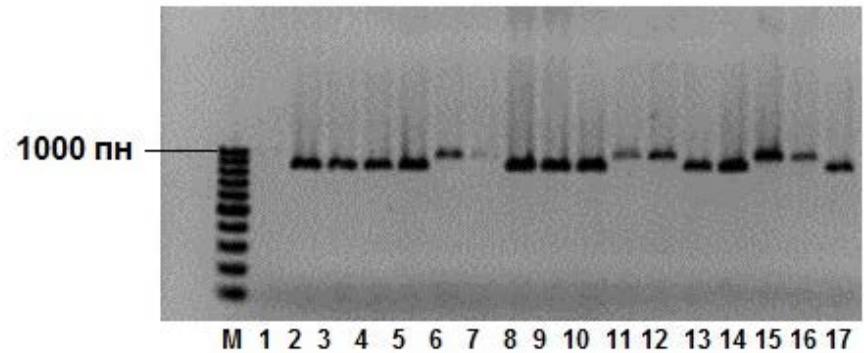
Cluster analysis of 265 barley
accession from Dagestan

Абдуллаев Р.А. и др. Генетическое
разнообразие местных форм ячменя из
Дагестана // Доклады РАСХН, 2014. №5.

Molecular screening and identification of carriers of valuable genes



Идентификация гена *Dm3*, определяющего устойчивость *Lactuca* L. к *Bremia lactucae* Regel с использованием SCAR - маркера V12 (*Paran*, *Michelmore*, 1991)



Идентификация гена *Radv*, определяющего устойчивость *Helianthus annuus* L. к *Puccinia helianthii* Schwein. С использованием SCAR -маркера SCO04 (Lawson et al. 1998)

Identification of a new allele of the *eam8* gene in a barley accession from Dagestan



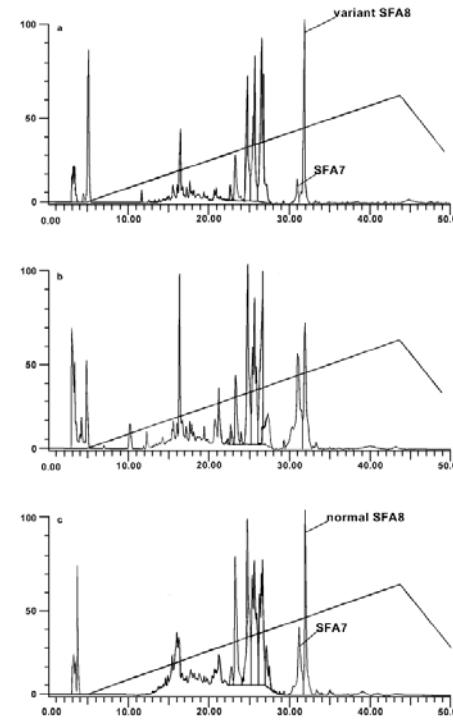
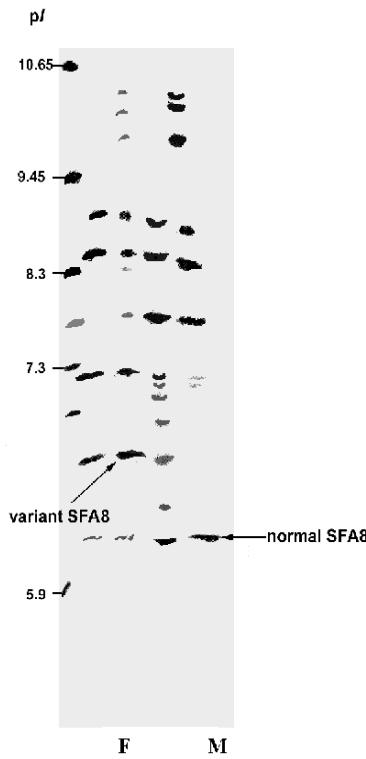
10 hrs photoperiod,
Low daily 10°C) and
high night (20°C)
temperatures

Mutation *eam8* in barley accession K-14891 from Dagestan

Identification of a new allele of the *eam8* gene in a barley accession from Dagestan

<i>Bonus_AEZ53982.1</i>	85	IGGIDR PLFPSFCVPS NEPVPLPQHI NTNSSGHATS GRLS	124
<i>k-17429</i>	85	.....	124
<i>k-16377</i>	85	.....	124
<i>Bonus_mat-a.11</i>	85	.....	124
<i>k-14891</i>	85	.....	124
<i>Bonus_AEZ53982.1</i>	125	TQLKSK DAYAAGSTAE CTSSHGRDNN AKNSSGNKLT NDDD	164
<i>k-17429</i>	125	.....	164
<i>k-16377</i>	125	.....	164
<i>Bonus_mat-a.11</i>	125	.....	164
<i>k-14891</i>	125	.....	164
<i>Bonus_AEZ53982.1</i>	165	FTVPSV FCSGVRPRSN HEEARIQENS THLPATSPYK SGPT	204
<i>k-17429</i>	165	.....	204
<i>k-16377</i>	165	.....	G...
<i>Bonus_mat-a.11</i>	165	..... ECVLVLT MRKRGSKRIP HTYQLQVHIR V.LR	204
<i>k-14891</i>	165	LRFLPS SAPECVLVLT MRKRGSKRIP HTYQLQVHIR V.LR	204
<i>Bonus_AEZ53982.1</i>	205	VSKPTA KFP	213
<i>k-17429</i>	205	.....	213
<i>k-16377</i>	205	.....	213
<i>Bonus_mat-a.11</i>	205	CPNQLQ N..	213
<i>k-14891</i>	205	CPNQLQ N..	213

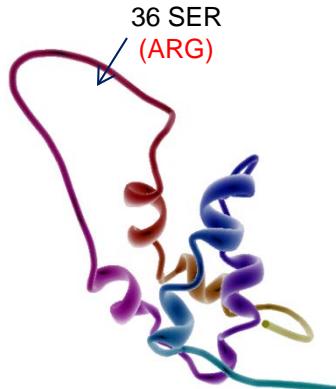
Analysis of nucleotide polymorphism in the *SFA8* gene of sunflower



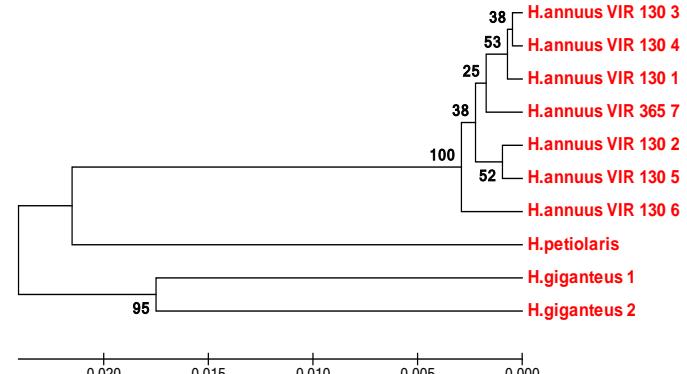
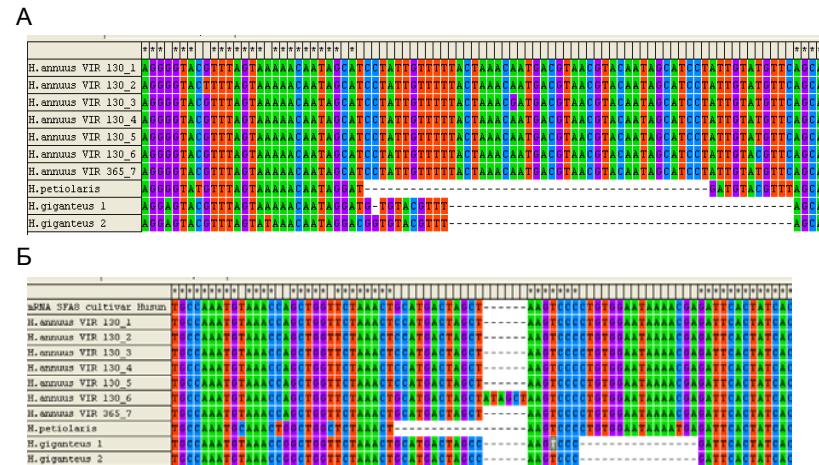
Nucleotide and amino acid sequences of SFA8

1 M A R F S I V F A R A G V L L L V R
1 tctacaATGGCAAGGTTTCAGCTGTGTTGCAGCAGCAGGACTCTCCCTCTGAGCC
19 M A A V S E A S T T I T I T I E E N
61 ATGGCGCAGATTGGCTGAGGCTTCCACACAAACCATCATCACCAACCATATAGAGGAGAAC
50 P Y G R G R T E T S G C Y Q M E R E D
121 CCCTATGGCAGAGCTAGAACTGAATCCGGATGCTATCAGCACATGGAGGAGGCCAGG
59 L N H H C G M Y L M K N D
181 CTCAACCACGGGGATGTACTCATGAAAAAATTGgttagccctgatttttttttgg
241 ggaggcccgatcatacccttataatagatattaggttgtgaatcaccattttagtgggt
301 acgtttttataaaaaaatcaatgcacccatgttttactaaacaaatcaatgcacatcaat
361 acatccatctttatgttgttcagcaaccaccccttttttttttttttttttttttttt
421 cattttatgttgtcatacatttactactactactactatgttgttgttgttgttgttgt
71 G R R Q V S P
481 cggaaaatttatatggccgtgttgtgttttgtatcggggAGAAAGGAGCAAGTTAGTC
79 R E P R E D H K Q L C G M Q L K N L D E
541 CCAGAGATGAGAGAGAGGATCACACAGCACCTTGTGCTGATGCACTGAGAACCTAGATG
99 K C C P C A I M M M L N E P M W I R M R
601 AGAGATGTCATGTGTCGGCAGTCATGATGATGTTGAGCGAACCATGTGGATAAGGATG
119 D Q V V M S M A H N L P I E C N L M S Q P
661 GAGATCAAGTGTGAGCATGGCTCATAAACCTGCCATAGAATGCAATTCATGTCACAC
721 CATGCCAATGtaaacccagctgtttcaaaactccctgtactagctaaatccccctgtggaaat
781 aaaacccaggatcatcatcacatgtgtgtgtgtgttgttcaatgtatatgtccatcg
841 ttgttcgtcttta

Quaternary structure of SFA8 protein



Polymorphism within exon and intron of SFA8

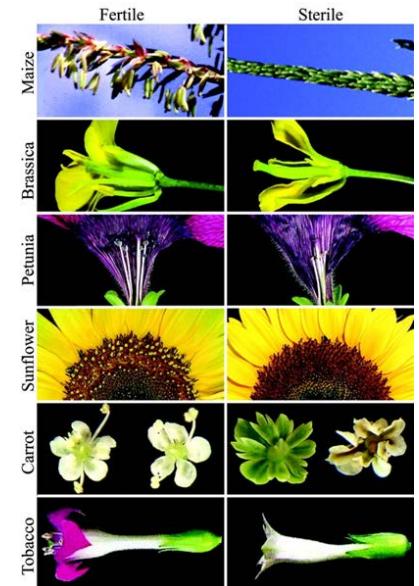




SUNFLOWER COLLECTION IN THE STUDIES OF GENETIC MECHANISMS OF POLLENFERTILITY RESTORATION

CMS-Rf genetic system

- A basis for hybrid seed production
- A model for studying mechanisms of interaction between nuclear and organelle genomes



Фенотипы ЦМС
(*Hanson & Bentolila, 2004*)

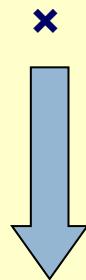
CMS-*Rf* genetic system in sunflower

- 70 CMS sources; CMS PET1 is widely used
- The character of fertility restoration is poorly studied; genetic control is not well known
- 1-5 *Rf* genes is reported

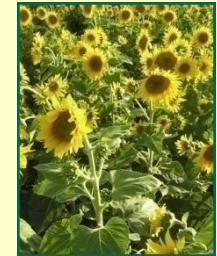
Heterotic hybrid production



Материнская стерильная
линия на основе ЦМС РЕТ1



Отцовская линия
восстановитель
фертильности пыльцы,
несущая ген Rf1



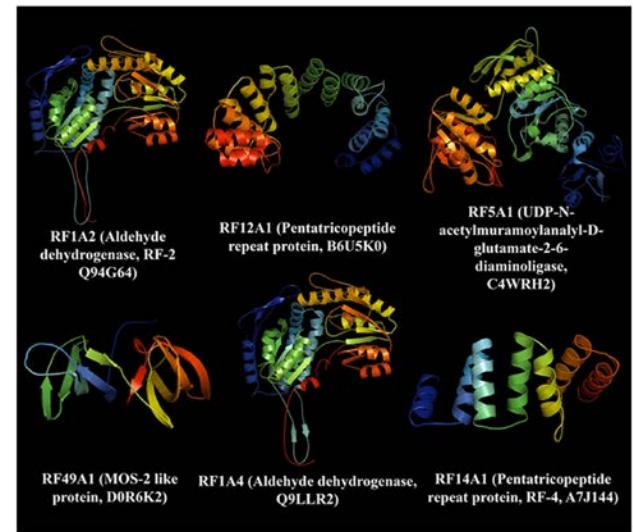
Для создания
гетерозисного гибрида
необходимо стерильную
линию ЦМС скрестить с
линией восстановителем
фертильности пыльцы



Гибриды F1 проявляют
эффект гетерозиса по
урожайности. Их
выровненность по
высоте растений,
срокам цветения и
созревания снижает
степень поражения
болезнями и потери
урожая при уборке

The nature of sunflower *Rf* genes is unknown

- The majority of known *Rf* genes in plants encode PPR-proteins (PPR - pentatricopeptide repeats of 35 amino acids)
- Separate gene family
RFL-PPR (*Restorer-of-Fertility-Like-PPR*)
(Fujii et al., 2011)
- The main features of *RFL-PPR* genes :
 - ✓ Claster organization
 - ✓ High homology within claster
 - ✓ High rate of divergence in PPR motives
 - ✓ The products of *RFL-PPR* genes interact with products of aberrant mitochondrial genes associated with CMS



Proteins encoding by *Rf* genes
(Kotchoni et al. 2010)

Rf genes and their products

Вид	Тип ЦМС	Ген <i>Rf</i>	Белок	Функция белка	Ссылки
<i>Zea mays</i>	T	<i>Rf1</i>	Не идентифицирован	Процессинг и пост-транскрипционное снижение уровня белка T-URF13	Dewey et al., 1987 Wise et al., 1999
<i>Oryza sativa</i>	BT	<i>Rf1</i>	PPR	Процессинг мРНК	Wang et al., 2006
	HL	<i>Rf5</i>	PPR	Процессинг транскрипта <i>atp6-orf79</i>	Hu et al., 2012
<i>Sorghum bicolor</i>	A1	<i>Rf1</i>	PPR13	Неизвестна	Klein et al., 2005
	A1	<i>Rf2</i>	PPR	Процесинг мРНК	Jordan et al., 2010
<i>Brassica napus</i>	Ogura	<i>Rfo</i>	PPR	Пост-транскрипционная регуляция	Brown et al., 2003
<i>Petunia × hybrida</i>	pcf	<i>Rf</i>	PPR592	Деградация мРНК и снижение уровня белка PCF	Bentolila et al., 2002
<i>Helianthus annuus</i>	PET1	<i>Rf1</i>	????	????	

Materials



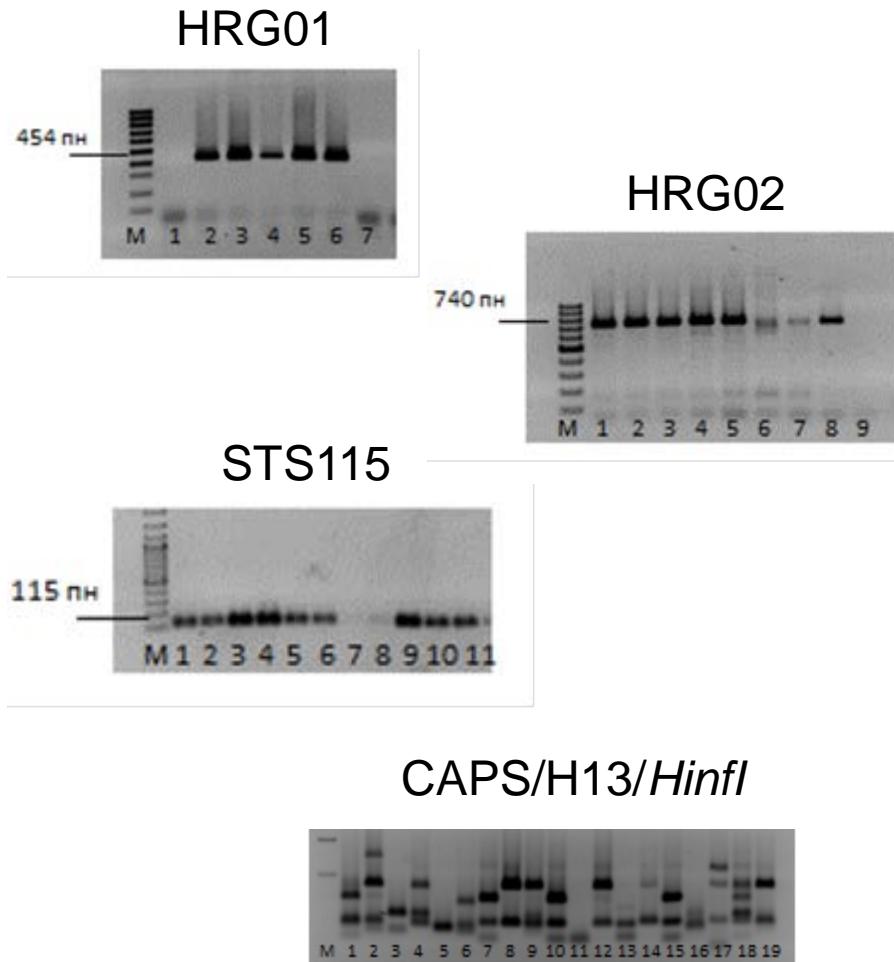
130 lines of sunflower genetic collection
with different ability for suppression of
CMS phenotype

Aims of the study

- Clarification of peculiarities of structural and functional diversity of the genes controlling pollen fertility restoration
- Estimation of genetic diversity of sunflower genetic collection

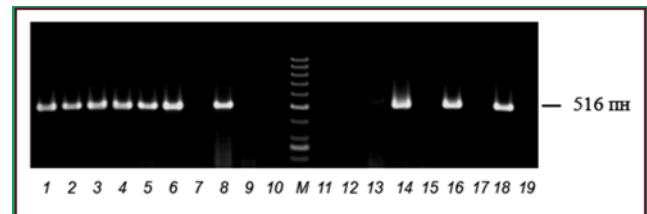
Molecular markering of lines

- 8 PCR markers (STS, SCAR, SSR, CAPS), tightly linked to the *Rf1* locus
- Mitochondrial STS markers *orfH522* и *atp9*
- CAPS markers of *RFL-PPR* genes



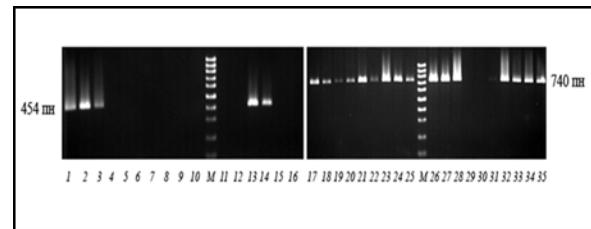
Molecular markering of lines

С помощью митохондриального маркера *orfH522*, ассоциированного с ЦМС PET1, у 107 линий идентифицирована стерильная (PET1 или иного типа) цитоплазма

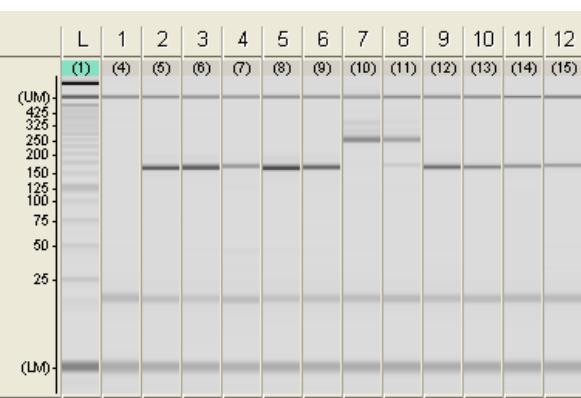


Линия	Наличие маркера		Тип цитоплазмы (S – стерильная, F – фертильная)
	HRG01	HRG02	
ВИР109А (ЦМС)	-	-	S
ВИР558	+	+	S
ВИР792	+	+	S
ВИР793	+	+	S
ВИР581	+	+	S
ВИР681	+	+	S
ВИР653	+	+	F
ВИР740	+	+	F

С помощью молекулярных маркеров подтверждено наличие гена *Rf1* у большинства линий, восстанавливающих фертильность в скрещиваниях с линиями ЦМС (PET1)

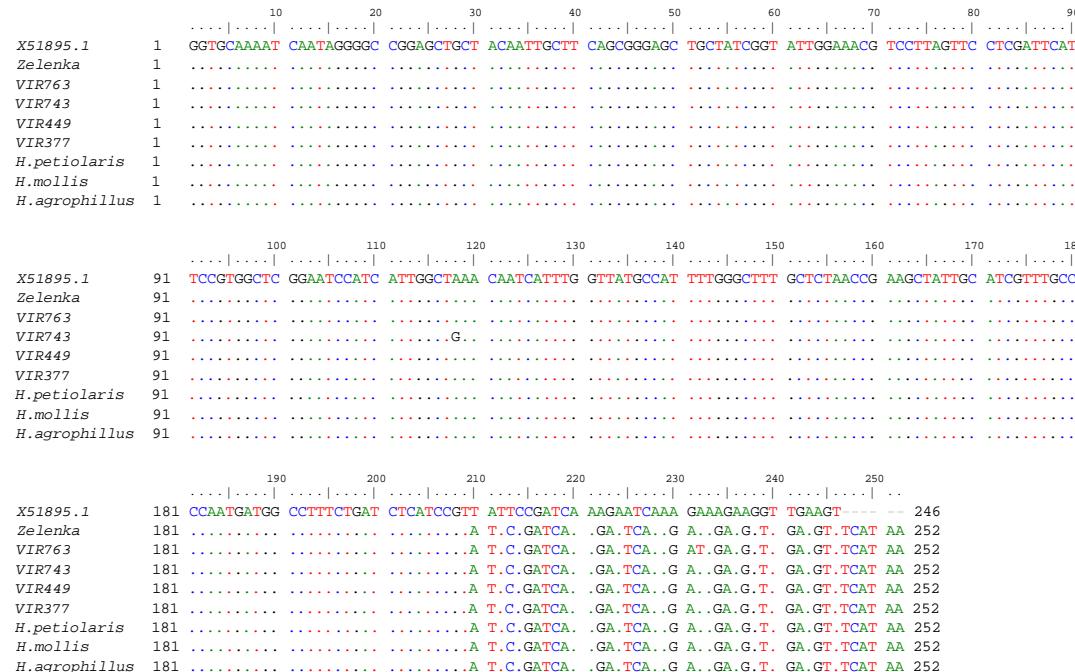


Polymorphism of the SSR loci linked to the *Rf1* gene



Locus	Alleles	Number of lines
ORS511	Нулевой	9
	158-162	71
	210-214	3 (ВИР343, ВИР381, ВИР210)
	198	1 (ВИР130Б)
	244	1 (ВИР370)
ORS224	Нулевой	39
	148-153	43
	105	1 (ВИР210)
	124	1 (ВИР376)
ORS799	Нулевой	34
	165-170	47

Nucleotide polymorphism of mitochondrial locus *atp9*



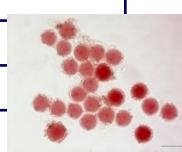
Выравнивание фрагмента смысловой последовательности гена *atp9* у фертильных линий ВИР763, ВИР449, ВИР218, ВИР377, староместного сорта Зеленка, диких видов *H.petiolaris*, *H.agrophyllus*, *H.agrophyllus*; X51895.1 – последовательность линии НА89 (Recipon, 1990)

Hybridological analysis

- 15 F1 hybrid combinations of crosses between CMS PET1 and fertile lines were grown in different regions of Russia: manifestation of the pollen fertility restoration trait is independent on climatic conditions.
- Different segregation pattern in the F2 depending on cross combiations : monogenic or digenic

The results of test crosses between CMS PET1

№ п/п	Maternal line (CMS PET1)	Paternal line		Fertility of F1
		name	Cytoplasmon type	
1	ВИР116А	ВИР160	ЦМС Х или фертильный	S
2	то же	ВИР195	ЦМС PET1	F
3	то же	ВИР210	ЦМС PET1 или Х	F
4	то же	ВИР211	ЦМС Х или фертильный	S
5	то же	ВИР364	ЦМС PET1	F
6	то же	ВИР365	ЦМС PET1	F
7	то же	ВИР366	ЦМС Х или фертильный	S
8	то же	ВИР371	фертильный	S
9	то же	ВИР387	ЦМС Х или фертильный	S
10	то же	ВИР558	ЦМС PET1	F
11	то же	ВИР729	ЦМС PET1	F
12	то же	ВИР740	ЦМС Х или фертильный	F
13	то же	RIL80	ЦМС PET1	F
14	то же	RIL130	ЦМС PET1	F
15	ВИР109А	ВИР364	ЦМС PET1	F
16	то же	ВИР558	ЦМС PET1	F



Segregation patterns in the F2

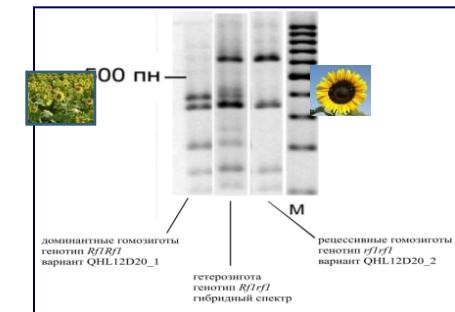
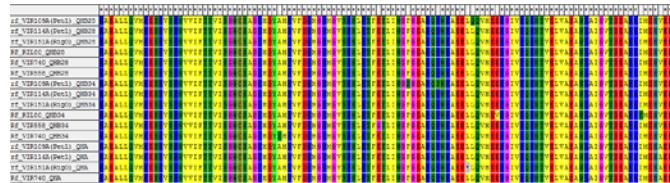
№ п/п	Hybrid combination	Number of plants	Segregation		Theoretically expected ratio	χ^2
			F	S		
1	ВИР109 × ВИР558	133	109	24	3 : 1	3,43
2	ВИР116 × RIL130	59	43	16	3 : 1	0,14
3	ВИР116 × ВИР365	93	77	16	3 : 1	3,01
4	ВИР116 × ВИР365	34	26	8	3 : 1	0,07
5	ВИР116 × ВИР210	43	26	17	9 : 7	0,31



Фенотипы растений расщепляющейся гибридной популяции
F2 (ВИР116 × ВИР210)

Verification of the hypothesis on belonging sunflower *Rf1* genes to the *RFL-PPR* family

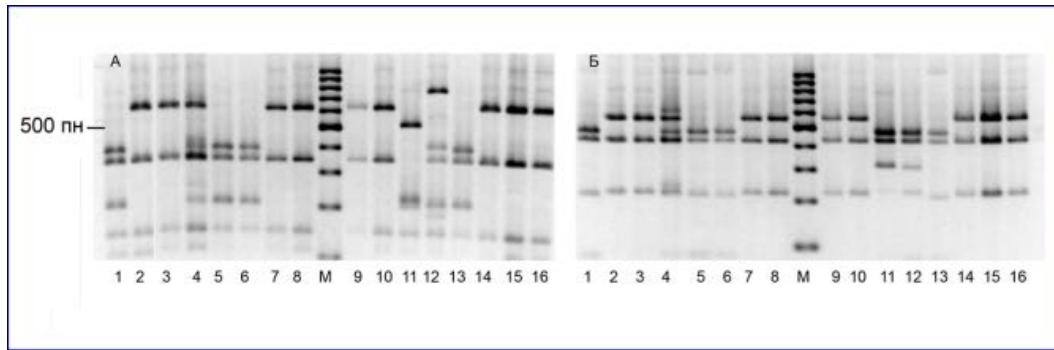
- Sequencing of the EST fragments (<http://www.cgp.edu/>) homologous to the known *Rf* genes of other plants
 - Comparative analysis of the polymorphism revealed between the genotypes with different functional state of the *Rf* genes; identification of SNPs; developing markers of *RFL-PPR* genes
 - Analysis of joint inheritance of the *RFL-PPR* genes variant and common molecular markers linked to the *Rf1* locus



Verification of the hypothesis on belonging sunflower *Rf1* genes to the *RFL-PPR* family

- Nucleotide polymorphism of 10 PPR fragments was investigated
- The co-dominant CAPS markers were developed and their occurrence in the lines of genetic collection was studied
- For the fragments **QHL12D20** и **QHB20M13** an association with the functional state of *Rf* genes was demonstrated

Group of lines (cytoplasmon type)	Number of line with marker variants L12D20/ <i>HaeIII</i>		Number of lines with markers variants B20M13/ <i>RsaI</i>	
	1	1.2	1	2
Autofertile (S PET1)	27	1.17	43	25
Autofertile (F or S(X))	5	1.3	5	3
CMS lines and fertile analogs	0	1.4	0	4



**Frequencies of nonsynonymous SNPs within sunflower and sorghum RFL-PPR genes:
> 4%**

**Frequencies of nonsynonymous SNPs within the gene for sunflower 11S globulin:
~ 1%ⁱ**

Polymorphism of EST QHL12D20

- 3 PPR motives
 - Contains intron 630 bp the sequence of which represents complementary palindromes
 - Introns of QHL12D20 is homologous to the intron of the AHBP-1B gene (stress adaptation, high homology to the bZIP transcription factor of *arabidopsis*)

**Nucleotide sequences of the
QHL12D20 of 9 lines have been
deposited to the GenBank
(NCBI) data base (accessions
numbers KJ450920-KJ450928)
(<http://www.ncbi.nlm.nih.gov/nuccore>)**

Helianthus annuus inbred line VIR151A RIG0 pentatricopeptide repeat-containing protein (RFL-PPR) gene, partial cds

GenBank: KJ450920.1

LOCUS KJ450920 1174 bp DNA linear PLN 12-NOV-2014
DEFINITION Helianthus annuus inbred line VIR151A RIG0 pentatricopeptide repeat-containing protein (RFL-PPR) gene, partial cds.
ACCESSION KJ450920
VERSION KJ450920.1 GI:618765566
KEYWORDS .
SOURCE Helianthus annuus (common sunflower)
ORGANISM Helianthus annuus
Eukaryota; Viridiplantae; Streptophyta; Embryophyta; Tracheophyta;
Spermatophyta; Magnoliophyta; eudicots; Gunneridae;
Pentapetales; asterids; campanulids; Asterales; Asteraceae;
Asteroideae; Heliantheae alliance; Heliantheae; Helianthus.
REFERENCE 1 (bases 1 to 1174)
AUTHORS Anisimova,I.N., Alpatieva,N.V., Rozhkova,V.T., Kuznetsova,E.B.,
Pinaev,A.G. and Gavrilova,V.A.
TITLE Polymorphism among RFL_PPR homologs in sunflower (*Helianthus annuus* L.) lines with varying ability for the suppression of the cytoplasmic male sterility phenotype
JOURNAL Russ. J. Genet. 50 (7), 712-721 (2014)
REFERENCE 2 (bases 1 to 1174)
AUTHORS Anisimova,I.N., Alpatieva,N.V., Rozhkova,V.T., Kuznetsova,E.B.,
Pinaev,A.G. and Gavrilova,V.A.
TITLE Direct Submission
JOURNAL Submitted (14-FEB-2014) Department of Genetics, N.I. Vavilov
Institute of Plant Industry, Bolshya Morskaya, 42, Saint Petersburg
190000, Russia
/translation="KQPEKAHSLFQDMIDEGCIVNQESYTALLSAYSRSGLFRKAFSI
LDDMRNTPNCHPDVYTYSILIKSCLHFHEFEKVQSLLSEMASQGIKPNTVTYNTLIDA
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QPNVKTFNILLDSYGKTGN"

ORIGIN

F2 segregation by the alleles of the QHL12D20, HRG02 и STS115

Combination (loci)	F ₂ phenotypes						Theoretically expected ratio	χ^2
	A-Bb	A-BB	A-bb	aaBb	aaBB	aabb		
ВИР116 x ВИР558 (L12D20, HRG02)	24	12	3	2	0	7	6:3:3:2:1: 1	14,1 7
ВИР116 x ВИР740 (L12D20, STS115)	21	8	10	8	4	6	6:3:3:2:1: 1	0,89

При Р < 0, 005 $\chi^2 = 11,07$

Acknowledgements

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Department of Genetic Resources of Oil and Fiber Crops (VIR)

Cuban Experiment Station (VIR)

Research Centre “Genomic Technologies” (All-Russia Institute of Agricultural Microbiology)

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Thank you for your attention!

